HARRIS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Material name 4130, ER80S-BS2 and ER90S-BS3

Version # 01

Issue date 25-March-2014

Revision date Supersedes date -

CAS # Mixture

Product type Low-alloy steels and tool steels

Product use Metal welding

Manufacturer information

Manufacturer/Supplier Harris Products Group 4501 Quality Place

Mason, Ohio 45040 US custservmason@jwharris.com

Telephone number 513-754-2000

Emergency Telephone

1-888-609-1762 (US, Canada, Mexico only)

Numbers

Please quote 333988

2. Hazards Identification

Physical state Solid.

Appearance Solid rods that have a metallic luster.

Emergency overview WARNING

May cause cancer. May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

OSHA regulatory status

This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Eyes Fumes from heated material may cause eye irritation. Dust may irritate the eyes. Exposure to hot

material may cause thermal burns.

Skin Exposure to hot material may cause thermal burns. Dust may irritate skin.

Inhalation Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever. Inhalation of dusts may

cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Target organs Respiratory system. Eyes. Skin. Central nervous system.

Chronic effects Chronic inhalation of fumes or dust may cause irritation or other respiratory conditions (e.g.,

bronchitis). May cause lung damage.

During welding chromium may be oxidized and form chromium (VI) (hexavalent chromium) ions. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory and sinus cancer risk. Asthma has been reported in some sensitized individuals. Skin contact may

result in irritation, ulceration, sensitization, and contact dermatitis.

Nickel and its compounds are on the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) and NTP (National Toxicology Program) lists as posing a cancer risk to humans. Nickel compounds are skin sensitizers with symptoms usually occurring after repeated exposure - ranging from a slight

itch to severe dermatitis.

Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign

pneumoconiosis (siderosis).

Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible.

Refer to Section 11 Toxicological Information for more details.

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Signs and symptoms

Contact may cause irritation and redness. Dust may irritate respiratory system. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Typical metal fume fever begins four to twelve hours after sufficient exposure to freshly formed fumes. The first symptoms are a metallic taste, dryness and irritation of the throat. Cough and shortness of breath may occur along with headache, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, muscle and joint pain, fever and chills. The syndrome runs its course in 24-48 hours.

Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. Potential environmental effects

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS#	Percent
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.8 - 2.7
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	0.15 - 1.2
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.6
Copper	7440-50-8	0.5
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.4 - 0.6
Silicon	7440-21-3	0.15 - 0.7
Carbon	7440-44-0	0.07 - 0.33
Iron	7439-89-6	Balance

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Inhalation Remove person from contaminated area to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if needed. Call a

physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an

explosive mixture with air. Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear

protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this MSDS. Do not touch damaged containers or

spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages Methods for containment

cannot be contained.

Methods for cleaning up

Collect for salvage or disposal. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the MSDS.

Other information

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Follow the recommendations in ANSI Z49.1, Safety in welding and cutting (ANSI=American National Standard Institute). Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control sources of dust and fumes. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Storage

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
•		0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
•		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Additional components	Туре	Value	
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Additional components	Туре	Value	
Hexavalent chromium	TWA	0.005 mg/m3	
compounds (CAS -)			

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
·		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910).1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	15 millions of particle	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3 0.2 mg/m3	Dust and mist. Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Additional components	Туре	Value	
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
,		0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Additional components	Туре	Value	
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Additional components	Туре	Value	
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	•
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
,	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust.
		1 mg/m3	Fume.
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Welding fume (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Mexico. Occupational Expos	sure Limit Values		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	STEL	2 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		2 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
ŕ	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
		0.2 mg/m3	
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)	STEL	20 mg/m3	
·	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	STEL	20 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Welding fume (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
gineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observinhalation of dust and fumes. Shower recommended.		
sonal protective equipment			
Eye / face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields glasses, goggles, or face-shield with Z49.1-1988, "Safety in Welding and 0	filter lens of appropriate shade	
Skin protection	Protective clothing is recommended. When welding, wear protective clothing that protects from sparks and flame (per ANSI Z49.1-1988, "Safety in Welding and Cutting").		

Respiratory protection

Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the TLV. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if

there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

General hygiene Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective considerations

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Solid rods that have a metallic luster.

Solid. **Physical state Form** Solid.

Not available. Color Odorless. Odor Not available. **Odor threshold**

Not applicable. pН Vapor pressure Not applicable Not applicable. Vapor density

5432 °F (3000 °C) as Iron **Boiling point** 2795 °F (1535 °C) as Iron Melting point/Freezing point

Solubility (water) Insoluble.

7.86 @20°C as Iron Specific gravity

Flash point Flammability limits in air. upper, % by volume

Not available. Not available.

Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Acetylene. Ammonia. Hydrogen peroxide Incompatible materials

(H2O2). Chlorine. Bromine, iodine, turpentine, magnesium metal. Hydrogen sulfide. Ammonium

nitrate.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point. Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal

being welded, the process, procedure and electrodes used.

Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

Fumes can be reasonably expected to include: Metal oxides.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological data

i oxicologicai data		
Components	Species	Test Results
Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Iron (CAS 7439-89-6)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	30 g/kg
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	9000 mg/kg
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3160 mg/kg
Sensitization		act may cause respiratory or skin sensitization in bunds (primarily hexavalent chromium) can cause

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sensitization (chrome allergy).

Acute effects When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. High

concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal

fume fever.

Local effects Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Chronic effects Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign

pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible Contains nickel, which can cause lung or nasal cancer. Long-term

breathing of this material may cause chronic lung disease.

Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

A1 Confirmed human carcinogen.

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

A5 Not suspected as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Nickel compounds (CAS 7440-02-0) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

US NTP Report on Carcinogens: Anticipated carcinogen

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US NTP Report on Carcinogens: Known carcinogen

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Nickel compounds (CAS 7440-02-0)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Cancer

Epidemiology Based on epidemiological studies, pre-existing pulmonary disorders may be aggravated by

prolonged exposure to high concentrations of metal dust or fumes.

Mutagenicity No data available.

Reproductive effects This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans. Manganese metal may

damage the reproductive system and has shown teratogenic effects in laboratory animals.

Further information During welding chromium may be oxidized and form chromium (VI) (hexavalent chromium) ions.

Hexavalent chromium and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory and sinus cancer risk. Asthma has been reported in some sensitized individuals. Skin contact

may result in irritation, ulceration, sensitization, and contact dermatitis.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological data

Components		Species	Test Results
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	American eel (Anguilla rostrata)	13.9 mg/l, 96 hours
		Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	10 - 100 mg/l, 96 Hours
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia obtusa)	0.0076 - 0.026 mg/l, 48 hours
Iron (CAS 7439-89-6)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	> 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	800 mg/l, 96 hours

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.916 mg/l, 96 hours

Ecotoxicity Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment.

Environmental effects Significant environmental persistence and bioaccumulation can be expected.

Persistence and degradability The product is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation

The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Mobility in environmental

media

Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Recover and recycle, if practical. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport Information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration

 Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)
 1.0 %

 Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
 1.0 %

 Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)
 0.1 % N090

 Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
 1.0 %

 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
 0.1 %

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Listed.

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

Chromium: 5000 Nickel: 100 Copper: 5000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Drug Enforcement

Not controlled

Administration (DEA) (21 CFR

1308.11-15)

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS

contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS status Controlled

WHMIS classification D2A - Other Toxic Effects-VERY TOXIC

WHMIS labeling



Inventory status

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)NoUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryYes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

State regulations

WARNING: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code 25249.5 et seq.)

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

 Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0)
 Listed.

 Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)
 Listed.

 Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
 Listed.

 Iron (CAS 7439-89-6)
 Listed.

 Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
 Listed.

 Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)
 Listed.

 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
 Listed.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Listed.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Listed: February 27, 1987 Carcinogenic.

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Listed: October 1, 1989 Carcinogenic.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Developmental toxin.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Female reproductive toxin.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Male reproductive toxin.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Listed.

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^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

 Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
 Listed.

 Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
 Listed.

 Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7)
 Listed.

 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
 Listed.

 Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
 Listed.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Carbon (CAS 7440-44-0) Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Molybdenum (CAS 7439-98-7) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)

16. Other Information

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

A HMIS® Health rating including an * indicates a chronic hazard.

HMIS® ratings Health: 2* Flammability: 0

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA Ratings



Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.