SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

GHS and OSHA 29 CFR §1910.1200 (eCFR) complian UN1013



Revision: 1 Apr 27, 2015 ISSUE DATE: December 30, 2014

CARBON DIOXIDE, COMPRESSED GAS

CO2,

Carbon dioxide (Fire and Technical), Carbonic acid gas, Dry ice (solid phase)

UN 1013

STOODY INDUSTRIAL AND WELDING SUPPLY, INC. 3316 National Ave., San Diego, Ca. 92113 Phone: 619-234-6750

WWW.STOODYIND.COM

PHONE NUMBERS Product Information: 619-234-6750

24-hour Emergency Response Professional Emergency Resource Services 800-633-8253

MILITARY EMERGENCY RESPONSE 800-851-8061

Technical Fire 6830-00-281-3053 6830-01-433-3717 6830-01-433-3721

SUPPLIER INFORMATION:

Safety and handling equipment, gas cylinders and refills, personal protection equipment, fire extinguishers, cylinder services, respirators, etc. are available at Stoody Industrial and Welding Supply, Ind. Our main location is at 3316 National Avenue, (near the 32nd Street Naval Base) in San Diego California 92113. Call 1-619-234-6750 or visit our web site, <u>stoodyind.com</u> stoodyind.com for more information.

DISCLAIMER: The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. Stoody Industry and Welding Supply Inc., does not assume any responsibility or liability for user's reliance or consequences of reliance on the information provided in this SDS. Stoody industrial and Welding Supply, Inc. makes no warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS) GHS and OSHA 29 CFR §1910.1200 (eCFR) compliant

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CARBON DIOXIDE, COMPRESSED GAS

	1 IDENTIFICATION				
)	Product identifier used on label Carbon dioxide, compressed gas				
))	Other means of identification: CO2, Carbon dioxide (Fire and Technical), Carbonic acid gas, Dry ice (solid phase)				
)	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use				
	Recommended use: Welding, Pneumatics, Fire Extinguishers; Food, Chemical and Oil industry Restriction on use: <u>NONE</u>				
.)	Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party Chemical Manufacturer: STOODY INDUSTRIAL AND WELDING SUPPLY, INC 3316 National Avenue San Diego, CA 92113 1<610.224.6750				
e)	1-619-234-6750 Emergency phone number Professional Emergency Resource Services: 800-633-8253 Military Emergency Resource 900 851 8061				
	Military Emergency Resource: 800-851-8061 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION				
ı)	Classification of cl Nonflammable	hemical in accordance with parag	raph (d) of §1910.1200		
))	Signal word, hazar	rd statement(s), symbol(s) and pr	ecautionary statement(s) in ac	cordance with paragraph (f) of §191	
	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)	Symbol(s)	Precautionary Statements	
	Warning	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. (H280) Contains Gases under Pressure; may explode if	Compressed Gas	(P410 + P403) Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.	
)	Carbon dioxide rocket.	e is heavier than air and may accum	hat have been identified du ulate in lowered spaces causing	uring the classification process a deficiency of oxygen. Ruptured cylin	
	Carbon dioxide rocket. Where an ingredie based on testing of required.	zard not otherwise classified t e is heavier than air and may accume ent with unknown acute toxicity is f the mixture as a whole, a statem e consists of 0% of unknown acute t	hat have been identified du ulate in lowered spaces causing s used in a mixture at a concen ent that X% of the mixture co noxicity.	a deficiency of oxygen. Ruptured cylin ntration = 1% and the mixture is not nsist of ingredient(s) of unknown act	
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${f SDS}$ - Carbon Dioxide, compressed GAS

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5(a)	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media						
5(a)	Use extinguishing media appropriate, e.g., dry chemical or CO ₂ , for surrounding fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Damaged cylinders should be handled only specialists.						
5(b)	Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products).						
	-	ssure relief devices should fail to function.					
	6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES						
6(a) 6(b)	SHUT OFF LEAK SOURCE, IF POSSIBLE. IF LEAKING FROM CYLINDER OR CYLINDER VALVE, CONTACT YOUR SUPPLIER. Personal precautions, protective equipment, emergency procedures. Evacuate all personnel from the affected area. Monitor oxygen level (≥19.5%). Use appropriate air-fed respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus if oxygen level is unknown or <19.5%. Ventilate area or remove cylinders to an outdoor location. Shut off leak source when it can be done safely. If leaking from cylinder or cylinder valve, contact your supplier.						
0(D)		Method and materials for containment and cleaning up. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.					
	7 HANDLING AND STORAGE						
7(a)	Drocoutie	one for sofe handling					
7(a)		ons for safe handling. Para. 2(b)					
7 (b)							
7(b)	Conditio	ns for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.					
		Conditions for safe storage	Incompatibilities				
	1.	Store and use with adequate ventilation.					
	2	Cylinders should be stored upright with value protection can in					
	2.	Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.					
	2. 3.		See Para. 10(f)				
		place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or	See Para. 10(f)				
	3.	place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.	See Para. 10(f)				
	3. 4.	place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full	See Para. 10(f)				
	3. 4. 5.	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gas cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gas cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gas cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease. 	See Para. 10(f)				
	3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gas cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease. Open valve slowly. 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease. Open valve slowly. If user experiences difficulty operating cylinder valve, discontinue use and contact supplier. 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gas cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease. Open valve slowly. If user experiences difficulty operating cylinder valve, discontinue use and contact supplier. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. 	See Para. 10(f)				
	 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 	 place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C). Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time. Compressed gase cylinders to be refilled by qualified producers of compressed gases only. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease. Open valve slowly. If user experiences difficulty operating cylinder valve, discontinue use and contact supplier. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. 	See Para. 10(f)				

8(a) OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL). American Conference of Governments Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limits Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available.

OSHA PEL*: 5000 ppm; STEL 30000 ppm **ACGIH*:** 5000 ppm; STEL 30000 ppm **NIOSH*:** 5000 ppm; STEL 30000 ppm

*Source: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)

Maritime: 29 CFR 1915.1000 Table Z-Shipyards – PEL (CarbonDioxide) 5000 ppm

8(b) Appropriate engineering controls. — Natural or mechanical air circulation is needed to maintain oxygen levels.

8(c) Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment. — Safety glasses/goggles, work gloves (gloves must be clean and free of oil or grease), and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.



a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Colorless liquefied compressed gas. White color, in solid dry ice form.
b) Odor	Odorless (5-10% concentration noticeable sharp odor)
c) Odor threshold	Not applicable
d) pH	3.7 @ 1 atm (for carbonic acid)
e) Melting point/freezing point	-69.9°F (-56.56°C) [Triple point @ 60.4 psig (416 kPa)]
f) Initial boiling point	-109.3°F(-78.5°C) @ 1 atm (sublimation point)
g) Flash point	Not applicable
h) Evaporation rate	Not applicable
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable
k) Vapor pressure	569 mmHg @ -116° F (-82 °C)
l) Vapor density	0.1144 lb/ft ³ (1.833 kg/m ³) @ 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm
m) Relative density	1.5, Air =1
n) Solubility(ies)	Water, 0.90% @ 68°F (20°C)
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
p) Auto-ignition temperature	Will not occur
q) Decomposition temperature	None
r) Viscosity	0.00000701 Pa.s @ 68° F (20° C)

9 PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

10 STABILITY and REACTIVITY

10(a) Reactivity

Not considered to be reactive

10(b) Chemical stability

Stable

- 10(c) Possibility of hazardous reactions Will not polymerize
- 10(d) Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration)

Avoid contact with water or moisture.

10(f) Incompatible materials

Dusts of various metals, such as magnesium, zirconium, titanium, aluminum, chromium & manganese are ignitable and explosive when suspended in carbon dioxide. Forms carbonic acid in water.

10(g) Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, oxygen

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Description of the various toxicological (health) effects and available data used to identify those effects, including:

11(a) Information on likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact);

Carbon dioxide can be absorbed into the body by inhalation. Target organ: respiratory system, cardiovascular system.

- 11(b) Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics; Headache, dizziness, restlessness, paresthesia; dyspnea (breathing difficulty); sweating, malaise (vague feeling of discomfort); increased heart rate, cardiac output, blood pressure; coma; asphyxia; convulsions; frostbite (liquid, dry ice) (see Section 16, Affects of CO2 concentration in Air)
 11(c) Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure;
 - Immediate effects: Possible asphyxiation. No delayed, short-and long term exposure effects have been identified.
- 11(d) Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates); No identifiable acute toxicity.
- 11(e) Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the International Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogenic (latest edition) or has been found to be a potential carcinogenic in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA.

Carbon dioxide is not listed as a carcinogenic or potential carcinogenic by NTP, OSHA or IARC.



12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available)

This product is not known to contain ecotoxicological properties, aquatic or terrestrial

12(b) Persistence and degradability

No adverse information found

12(c) Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not have a bioaccumulative potential

12(d) Mobility in soil

No adverse information found

12(e) Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer)

No adverse ecological effects are expected. Carbon dioxide does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone depleting chemicals (40 CFR Part 82). Carbon dioxide is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT (49 CFR Part 171.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13(a) Description of waste residue and information on their safe handling and method of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging.

Do not attempt to dispose of cylinder or its contents. Cylinder(s) and unused contents should be returned to supplier for disposal in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.

14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14(a) UN number: <u>UN 1013</u>

14(b) UN proper shipping name: Carbon dioxide

14(c) Transportation hazard class(es): <u>2.2</u> (Nonflammable Gas)

14(d) Packing group, if applicable: Product is not listed

14(e) Environmental hazards (e.g.,) Marine pollutant (yes/No): No

- 14(f) Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code): Product does not fall under purview of cited regulations.
- 14(g) Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside of their premises:

Cylinders should be properly separated from non-compatible gas cylinders and transported in a upright, secure position, in a well ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards and should be discouraged.

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15(a) Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question.

User(s) of this product is responsible for regulatory compliance on a federal, state, and local level.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

EPA - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR PART 68, Risk Management for Chemical Accidental Release, does not list carbon dioxide as a regulated substance.

- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302): Reportable Quantity (RQ): None
- SARA: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
- SECTION 302/304: Requires emergency planning on threshold planning quantities (TPQ) and release reporting based on reportable quantities (RQ) of EPA's extremely hazardous substances (40 CFR Part 355). Extremely Hazardous Substances: None Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): None
- SECTIONS 311/312: Require submission of material safety data sheets (MSDSs) and chemical inventory reporting with identification of EPA defined hazard classes (40 CFR Part 370). The hazard classes for this product are:

ACUTE HEALTH (Immediate): Yes CHRONIC HEALTH (Delayed): No PRESSURE: Yes REACTIVITY: No FIRE: Yes

15(a) continued on page 5



15 REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued from page 4)

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act: Carbon dioxide is not listed on the TSCA inventory.

OSHA - OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION:

29 CFR 1910.119, Appendix A, does not list carbon dioxide as a highly hazardous chemical.

No adverse ecological effects are expected. Carbon dioxide does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone depleting chemicals (40 CFR Part 82). Carbon dioxide is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT (49 CFR Part 171).

Shipment of compressed gas cylinders which have not been filled with the owner's consent is a violation of Federal law (49 CFR Part 173.301 (b)).

CANADIAN REGULATIONS: WHIMS Classification: A (compressed gas)

16 OTHER INFORMATION, including date of preparation or last revision

16(a) OTHER INFORMATION:

DO NOT DISCARGE TOWARD ANYONE

AFFECTS OF CO2 CONCENTRATIONS IN AIR: (Symptoms in humans)

- 1% Slight increase in breathing rate
- **2%** Breathing rate increases to 50% above normal level. Prolonged exposure can cause headache, tiredness.
- **3%** Breathing increases to twice normal rate and becomes labored. Weak narcotic effect. Impaired hearing, headache, increase in blood pressure and pulse rate.
- **4-5%** Breathing increases to approximately four times normal rate, symptoms of intoxication become evident and slight choking may be felt.
- **5-10%** Characteristic sharp odor noticeable. Very labored breathing, headache, visual impairment and ringing in the ears. Judgment may be impaired, followed within minutes by loss of consciousness.
- **50-100%** Unconsciousness occurs more rapidly above 10% level. Prolonged exposure to high concentrations may eventually result in death from asphysiation.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Use a check valve or other protective apparatus in any line or piping from the cylinder to prevent reverse flow.

NFPA RATINGS:

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HEALTH-Blue: = 1 **FLAMMABILITY-Red:** = 0 **INSTABILITY-Yellow:** = 0 **SPECIAL HAZARDS*-White:** =SA *LEGEND:* 0-4 - 0-*least hazardous;* 4-most hazardous

*OX (Oxidizers), W (Water reactives), SA (Simple Asphyxiants), (blank if no special hazard)

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: CGA 320

PIN INDEXED YOKE: CGA 940 (Medical Use)

ULTRA HIGH INTEGRITY: 724

FIRE SUPPRESSION: Fire extinguisher valve/heads when provided on a cylinder for fire suppression.

Use the proper CGA connections, <u>DO NOT USE ADAPTERS</u>

SUPPLIER INFORMATION:

Safety and handling equipment, gas cylinders and refills, personal protection equipment, fire extinguishers, cylinder services, respirators, etc. are available at Stoody Industrial and Welding Supply, Ind. Our main location is at 3316 National Avenue, (near the 32nd Street Naval Base) in San Diego California 92113. Call 1-619-234-6750 or visit our web site, stoodyind.com stoodyind.com for more information.

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