SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

GHS and OSHA 29 CFR §1910.1200 (eCFR) complian UN3159



Revision: 1 (May 6, 2015) ISSUE DATE: December 31, 2014

R-134a, Refrigrant Liquified Gas CH6FCF3

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Fluorocarbon-134a, H134a, HFC 134a, HFA 134a, 134a, R134a STOODY INDUSTRIAL AND WELDING SUPPLY, INC. 3316 National Ave., San Diego, Ca. 92113 Phone: 619-234-6750

WWW.STOODYIND.COM

PHONE NUMBERS Product Information: 619-234-6750

24-hour Emergency Response Professional Emergency Resource Services 800-633-8253

MILITARY EMERGENCY RESPONSE 800-851-8061

	Refillable		Non-Reusable HFC
6830-01-370-6207	6830-01-370-8756	6830-01-527-8354	6830-01-390-9622 6830-01-412-6362

SUPPLIER INFORMATION:

1

Safety and handling equipment, gas cylinders and refills, personal protection equipment, fire extinguishers, cylinder services, respirators, etc. are available at Stoody Industrial and Welding Supply, Ind. Our main location is at 3316 National Avenue, (near the 32nd Street Naval Base) in San Diego California 92113. Call 1-619-234-6750 or visit our web site, <u>stoodyind.com</u> stoodyind.com for more information.

DISCLAIMER: The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. Stoody Industry and Welding Supply Inc., does not assume any responsibility or liability for user's reliance or consequences of reliance on the information provided in this SDS. Stoody industrial and Welding Supply, Inc. makes no warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances.

'STOODY INDUSTRIAL AND WELDING SUPPLY, INC.' is not sponsored, affiliated or in any way related to 'STOODY COMPANY', a division of 'Victor Technologies'. SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

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SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS) GHS and OSHA 29 CFR §1910.1200 (eCFR) compliant



R-134a, Refrigrant Liquified Gas

			1 IDENTIF	TICATION	
1(a)	Product iden	tifier used on label: Refr	igerant 134a		
1(b)	Other means	of identification: 1,1,1	1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Fluor	ocarbon-134a, H134a, HFC 134a, HFA 134	la, 134a, R134a , CH6FCF3
1(c)	Recommende	ed use of the chemical and re	estrictions on use:		
		Refri Resti	gerant, medium & high temp riction on use; <u>NONE</u>	p. refrigeration and air conditioning	
1(d)	Name, addre	ss, and telephone number o	f the chemical manufactur	er, importer, or other responsible party	
	Responsi	ble Party: STO 3316 San 1 619-	ODY INDUSTRIAL AND V National Avenue Diego, CA 92113 234-6750	WELDING SUPPLY, INC	
1(e)	Emergency p Professio	bhone number nal Emergency Resource Serv	vices: 800-633-8253		
	Willitary I	2	HAZARD(S) IDEN	NTIFICATION	
2(a)	Classification	- n of chemical in accordance	with naragraph (d) of \$19	10.1200	
2(a)	Nonflam	nable	with paragraph (u) of §12.	10.1200	
2(b)	Signal word,	hazard statement(s), symbo	ol(s) and precautionary sta	tement(s) in accordance with paragraph	n (f) of §1910.1200
	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)	Symbol(s)	Precautionary Stateme	nts
	Warning	(H281) Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns	\diamond	(Prevention P282 +) Wear cold insul shield/eye protection.	ating gloves/face
		or injury. Gases under Pressure; may explode if heated.	Refrigerated liquefied	(Response P336 + P315) Thaw frosted lukewarm water. Do not rub affected immediate medical advice/attention.	l parts with area. Get
				(Storage P403) Store in a well ventilat	ed place.
2(d)	Contains the cylind Where an ing based on test required. Refrigera	gas under pressure; may expl ler a potential rocket or fragm gredient with unknown acut ing of the mixture as a who nt R134a , CAS No. 811-97-2	ode if heated. Large amount nentation bomb. te toxicity is used in a mixtu le, a statement that X% of 2, consists of 0% of unknown	of potential energy resulting from compre- ure at a concentration = 1% and the mi- the mixture consist of ingredient(s) of u n acute toxicity.	ession of the gas makes ature is not classified nknown acute toxicity is
		3 COMPO	SITION / INFORMA	TION ON INGREDIENTS	
3(a)	Chemical na	mer 1 1 1 2-Tetraflu	loroethane		
3(b)	Common nai	me; 1,1,1,2-1 etrant	4a		
3(c)	CAS number CAS Nur 811-97-2	and other unique identifier <u>nber</u> <u>Other unique identifier</u> UN 3159	rs; dentifiers		
3(d)	Impurities an CAS num	nd stabilizing additives which aber 811-97-2, Refrigerant R-	ch are themselves classified 134a contains no other class	and which contribute to the classificati ification influencing impurities or stabilizi	on of the substance.
			4 FIRST-AI	D MEASURES	
4 (a)	Description of and ingestion	of necessary measures, subd 1:	ivided according to the dif	ferent routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation	n, skin and eye contact,
	-	ROUTES	S OF EXPOSURE (UNDER NO	RMAL CONDITIONS) (yes or no)	
INHA	LATION: Yes	Net designed to the test	SKIN: Yes	EYE CONTACT: Yes	INGESTION: No
Short high v dizzin heart t Long None	Term Effects: rapor concentrat ess and unconse to adrenaline an Term Effects: known	Not classified as toxic. But, tions cause severe headache, ciousness; can sensitize the d cause cardiac arrhythmias.	Short Term Effects: No s irritation. But, rapid evapo of the liquid may cause frostbite. Long Term Effects: None known	kin Short Term Effects: No eye irritation. But, rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. Long Term Effects (Frostbite): Cornea damage.	Short Term Effects: Not classified as toxic by inhalation. Long Term Effects: None known
i vone	KIIUWII.		BURNS PACK SHOULD RE	AVAILABLE ON THE PREMISES	
			_ Skills inch Shoeld be		Continued on next pa



4 **FIRST-AID MEASURES** (4(a) continued from page 1)

IF UNCONSCIOUS PLACE IN RECOVERY POSITION AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

Inhalation: Immediately remove to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, a qualified operator may give oxygen. If symptoms persist, call a physician. <u>Do not</u> give epinephrine*.

Skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing, not stuck to skin, immediately. Flush area with lukewarm water. If frostbite has occurred, DO NOT remove clothes, all a physician.

Eye contact: Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with cool water for15 minutes and obtain immediate medical attention. **Ingestion:** Unlikely route of exposure.

* Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine (adrenaline), should be used with special caution in situations of emergency life support.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5(a) Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

All known extinguishants can be used. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Combat fire from a sheltered position. Keep cylinder cool by spraying with water.

5(b) Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products).

- Pressure in a container can build up due to heat and it may violently rupture if pressure relief devices should fail to function.
- Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.
- Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face piece and protective clothing is required if cylinders rupture or contents are released under fire conditions.
- Contact with certain reactive metals may result in an explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions.
- Damaged cylinders should be handled only specialists.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6(a) Personal precautions, protective equipment, emergency procedures.

Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Turn leaking cylinder with the leak up to prevent escape of gas in liquid state. Ventilate enclosed area or move leaking container to a well-ventilated area.

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

6(b) Method and materials for containment and cleaning up.

NEVER direct water jet on liquid. This chemical should be kept from entering the environment.

Wear chemical protection suit including self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not use in the vicinity of a fire or a hot surface, or during welding. Also, see 2.b

7(b) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

	Conditions for safe storage	Incompatibilities
1.	Store and use with adequate ventilation.	
2.	Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.	Alkali or powered alkaline earth metals such as sodium,
3.	Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.	potassium, calcium, barium,
4.	Full cylinders should be segregated from empty cylinders.	powered aluminum,
5.	Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 125°F (52°C).	magnesium and zinc
6.	Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent full containers from being stored for long periods of time.	
7.	Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.	
8.	Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap.	
9.	Keep cylinders and their valves free from oil and grease.	
10.	Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur.	

Specific requirements are listed in NFPA 50A. Cylinder storage locations should be well-protected, well-ventilated, dry, and separated from combustible and reducing materials. Cylinders should never knowingly be allowed to reach a temperature exceeding 125°F (52°C).



8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8(a) OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL). American Conference of Governments Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limits Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available.
 - Neither "exposure limit", "threshold limit" nor "other exposure limit" restrictions been established for product.

8(b) Appropriate engineering controls.

Natural or mechanical air circulation is needed to maintain a safe working environment.

8(c) Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment.

Safety glasses/goggles, work gloves (gloves must be clean and free of oil or grease), and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

9 PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Colorless, Liquefied Gas, Gas at ambient temperatures
b) Odor	Slight ethereal
c) Odor threshold	Not applicable
d) pH	Not applicable
e) Melting point/freezing point	-162.4 °F (-108 °C) @1 atm
f) Initial boiling point	-14.8°F (-26 °C) @1 atm
g) Flash point	No applicable
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	Nonflammable (gas)
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Nonflammable (gas)
k) Vapor pressure	83.25 psi (574 kPa) @ 77°F (25° C)
l) Vapor density	3.6 @ 77° F (25° C), Air = 1.0
m) Relative density	4.24 @ 68° F (20° C),
n) Solubility(ies)	1 g/l @ 77°F (25° C), water solubility
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Log Pow: 1.06 @ 77°F (25° C)
p) Auto-ignition temperature	>1369°F (743°C)
q) Decomposition temperature	Not available
r) Viscosity	Not available

10 STABILITY and REACTIVITY

10(a) Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. May react violently with combustible materials. See 10(c).

10(b) Chemical stability

Product is chemically stable under normal conditions.

10(c) Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. When pressurized with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable.

10(d) Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration) Open flames and high temperatures.

10(f) Incompatible materials

See 7(b) and 10(c).

10(g) Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include: Hydrogen fluoride; Carbon oxides; Fluorocarbons; Carbonyl fluoride.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Description of the various toxicological (health) effects and available data used to identify those effects, including:

11(a) Information on likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact); No known toxicological effects from this product.

11(b) Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics;

None known. Not classified as a human carcinogen.



	11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued from page 3)
11(c)	Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure; See 4(a).
11(d)	Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates) No identifiable acute toxicity.
11(e)	Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the International Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogenic (latest edition or has been found to be a potential carcinogenic in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA.
	Chemical is not listed as a carcinogenic or potential carcinogenic by NTP, OSHA or IARC.
	12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
12(a)	Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available)
	Acute toxicity to aquatic organisms is low, aquatic or terrestrial.
12(b)	Persistence and degradability
	1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane is poorly degraded in water. It is not persistent in the aquatic environment or in soil. It can be considered as not persistent in the environment.
12(c)	Bioaccumulative potential Product has a low potential to bioaccumulate
12(d)	Mobility in soil
	Exposure to sediments and soil is unlikely.
12(e)	Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer)
	1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone depleting chemicals (40 CFR Part 82). 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT (49 CFR Part 171. Global warming potential (GWP) 1 300
	13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
13(a)	Description of waste residue and information on their safe handling and method of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging.
	Recover, reclaim or recycle 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82 regarding refrigerant recycling.
	Do not attempt to dispose of cylinder or its contents. Cylinder(s) and unused contents should be returned to supplier for disposal in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.
	14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION
14(a)	UN number: UN3159
14(b)	UN proper shipping name: <u>1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane</u>
14(c)	Transportation hazard class(es): 2.2
14(d)	Packing group, if applicable: Not applicable
14(e)	Environmental hazards (e.g.,) Marine pollutant (yes/No): No
14(f)	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code): Does not apply
14(g)	Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside of their premises:
	Cylinders should be properly separated from non-compatible gas cylinders and transported in a upright, secure position, in a well ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards and should be discouraged.
	Environmental Concerns; R-134a is an HFC greenhouse gas which may contribute to global warming.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

EPA - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR PART 68, Risk Management for Chemical Accidental Release, does not list 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane as a regulated substance.

SIWS (wrs)



	15 REGULATORY INFOR	MATION (continued from page 4)
CERCLA: Comprel Reporta	nensive Environmental Response, Compens ble Quantity (RQ): None	ation, and Liability Act of 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302):
SARA: Superfund A	mendment and Reauthorization Act	
SECTION 302/304:	Requires emergency planning on threshold quantities (RQ) of EPA's extremely hazard Extremely Hazardous Substances: None Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): Non	d planning quantities (TPQ) and release reporting based on reportable lous substances (40 CFR Part 355). e
SECTIONS 311/312:	Require submission of (material) safety da identification of EPA defined hazard class	ata sheets (SDSs) and chemical inventory reporting with es (40 CFR Part 370). The hazard classes for this product are:
	ACUTE HEALTH (Immediate): No PRESSURE: Yes FIRE: Yes	CHRONIC HEALTH (Delayed): No REACTIVITY: No
TSCA: Toxic Sub	stance Control Act: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroeth	ane is listed on the TSCA inventory.
OSHA - OCCUPATI 29 CFR 1	ONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMIN 910.119, Appendix A , does not list 1,1,1,2-	STRATION: Tetrafluoroethane as a highly hazardous chemical.
No advers depleting 171).	e ecological effects are expected. 1,1,1,2-T chemicals (40 CFR Part 82). 1,1,1,2-Tetraf	Cetrafluoroethane does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone Iuoroethane, not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT (49 CFR Part
Shipment CFR Part	of compressed gas cylinders which have no 173.301 (b)).	t been filled with the owner's consent is a violation of Federal law (49
FDA – FOOD AND	DRUG ADMINISTRATION: Oxygen USP	is regulated by the FDA as a prescription drug.
CALIFORNIA PROI	POSITION 65 (Safe Drinking Water and To	oxic Enforcement Act of 1986): 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, not listed.
CANADIAN REGUI WHIMS (Note: "Th set out in	ATIONS: Classification; A - Compressed Gas e Canadian supplier / Canadian importer ha the Controlled Products Regulations."	s the legal responsibility to assess their products against the criteria

16 OTHER INFORMATION, Including date of preparation or last revision

16(a) OTHER INFORMATION:

Never rely on the color of the cylinder for identification. (Colors may vary with suppliers.)

Additional Precautions in Using 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

- 1. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered.
- 2. Use a check valve or other protective apparatus in any line or piping from the cylinder to prevent reverse flow.
- 3. Install valve protective cap firmly in place by hand when the cylinder is not in use.
- 4. A cylinder should never be emptied to a pressure lower than 172 kPa (25 psi/in2) (the residual contents may become contaminated if the valve is left open.
- 5. Close cylinder valve after each use even when empty.
- 6. Under no circumstances should any attempt be made to repair a cylinder or valve.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS:

Shipment of compressed gas cylinders which have not been filled with the owner's consent is a violation of Federal law (49 CFR Part 173.301 (b)).

MIXTURES: When two or more gases or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH-Blue: = 1 **FLAMMABILITY-Red:** = 0 **INSTABILITY-Yellow:** = 1 **SPECIAL HAZARDS*-White:** = LEGEND: 0-4 - 0-least hazardous; 4-most hazardous

*OX (Oxidizers), W (Water reactives), SA (Simple Asphyxiants), (blank if no special hazard)

SDS – HFC-134a, Refrigerant



STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIO THREADED:	NS FOR U.S. (AND CANADA): CGA 660
PIN-INDEXED YOKE: ULTRA HIGH INTEGRITY:	Not applicable Not applicable le
Use the proper CGA connections, <u>I</u>	DO NOT USE ADAPTERS
Further information pertaining to 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethan Association Inc. (CGA), 1725 Jefferson Davis Highway, S	ne and its uses can be found in pamphlets published by: Compressed Gas Suite 1004, Arlington, VA 22202-4102. Telephone: (703) 412-0900.
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	Revision: 1 (May 6, 20 ISSUE DATE: December 31, 2
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